



TOC Europe

Evolving Portfolios - The Shift from Expansion to Consolidation in Container Terminals

17 June 2025

Presentation by:

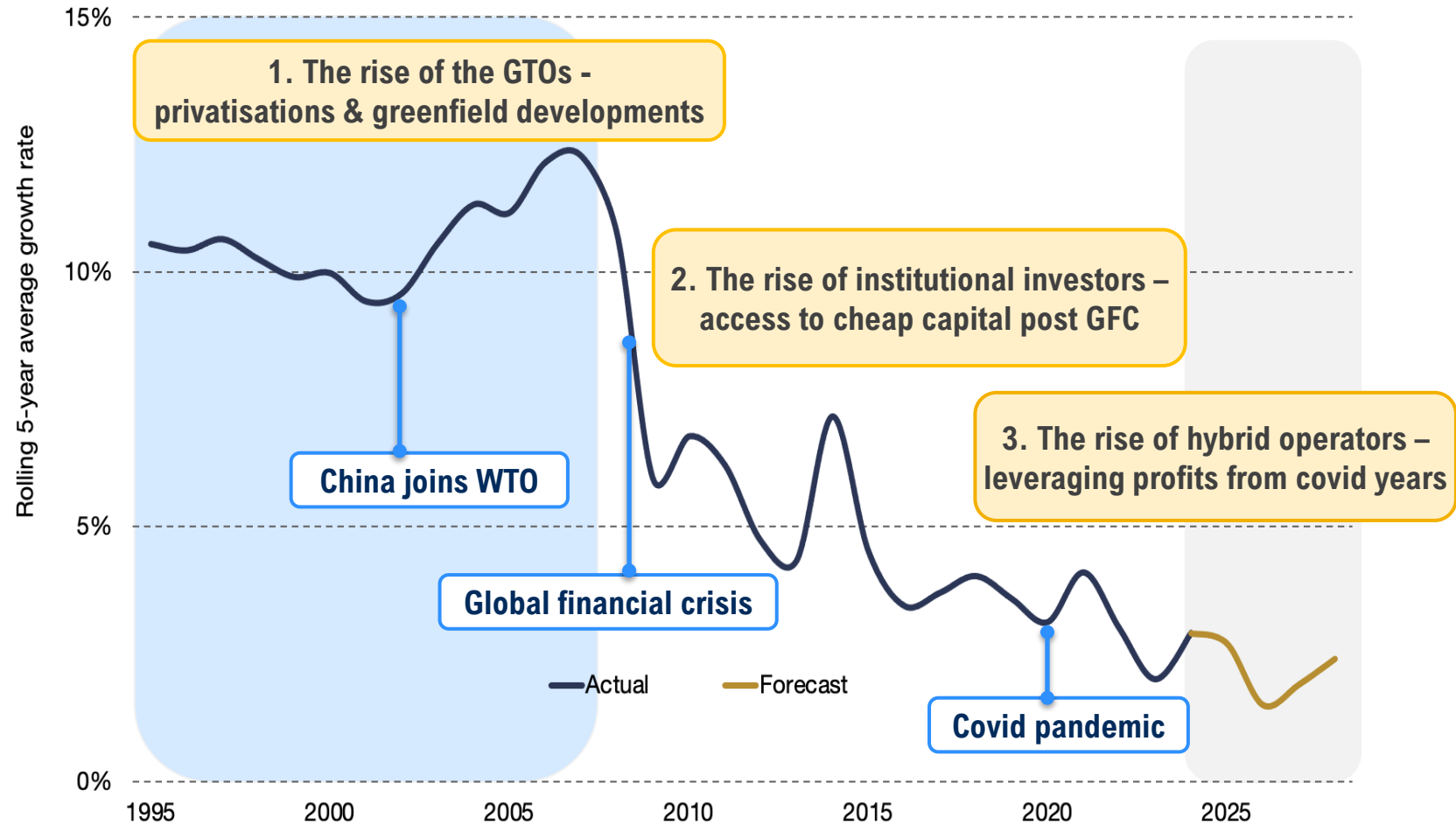
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- **1st age** - portfolio expansion through privatisations and greenfield developments
- **2nd age** - financial players look to invest in stable, long term cashflows
- **3rd age** - terminal capacity integration with liner business and inland logistics

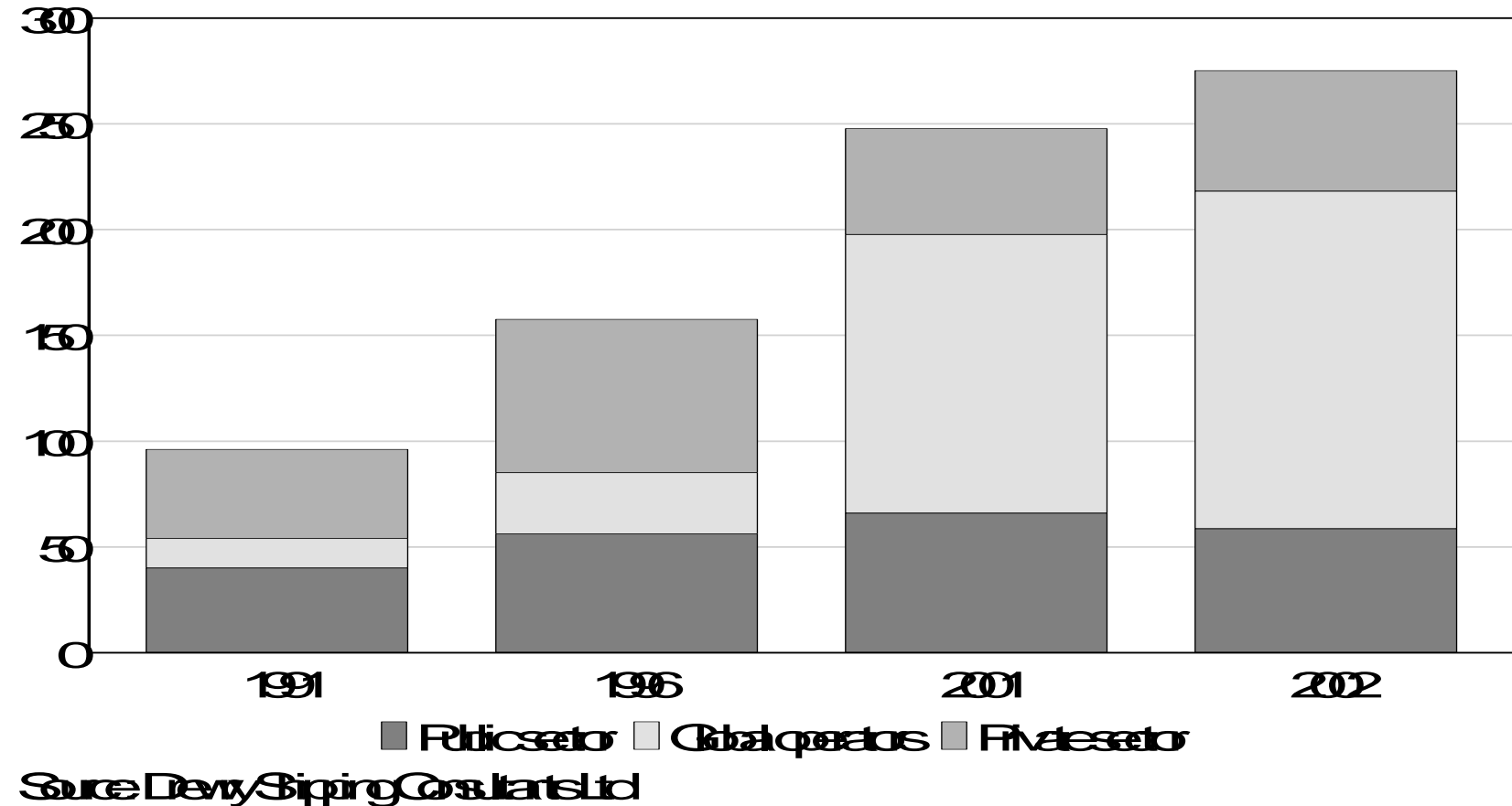
The three ages of the container terminal industry



- Global Terminal Operators grew at a remarkable rate in the 90's
- 'First mover' GTOs were able to create global portfolios that could not now be replicated by the same method
- Hutchison alone handled over 13% global throughput by 2002

The 90's saw huge growth in capacity controlled by Global Operators

GTO's moved from 15% market share in 1991 to 55% by 2002



In the 2010's institutional investors dominated M&A

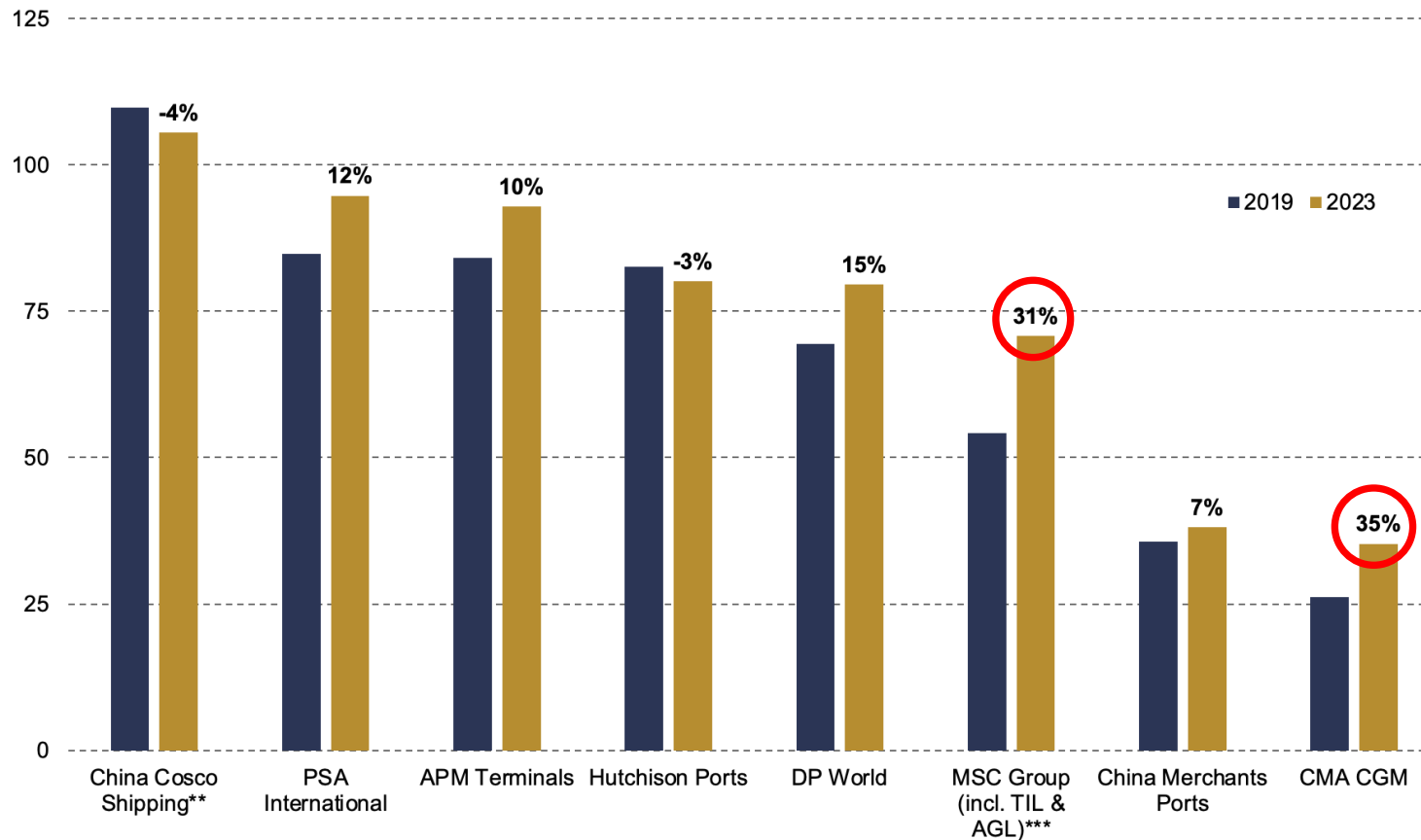
Announcement date	Region	Target	Acquirer	Financial Investor	No Terminals	Deal Size (USD m)
2017	Global	OOIL	Cosco / SIPG	No	4	6,300
2007	North America	SSA	Goldman Sachs	Yes	12	2,800
2017	China	SIPG (15%)	Cosco	No		2,780
2007	North America	OOCL	Ontario Teachers Pension Plan (OTPP)	Yes	4	2,350
2013	Global	TiL (35%)	Global Infrastructure Partners	Yes		1,930
2019	North America	Cosco (OOCL) Long Beach	Macquarie	Yes	1	1,780
2011	Australia	DPW Australia	CITI Infrastructure Partners	Yes	5	1,500
2007	Europe	Peel Ports	RREEF (Deutsche Bank)	Yes	4	1,430
2007	North America	DPW (P&O Ports America)	AIG	Yes	6	1,100
2010	Europe	Dragados	JP Morgan (Noatum)	Yes	5	950

- Slower growth and limited privatization opportunities
- Infrastructure funds with access to cheap capital looking to invest in the stable, long term, cashflows of the terminal industry
- GTO's monetise assets to provide capital for further portfolio expansion

8 of the 10 largest M&A deals in the industry between 2007 and 2019 were led by financial investors

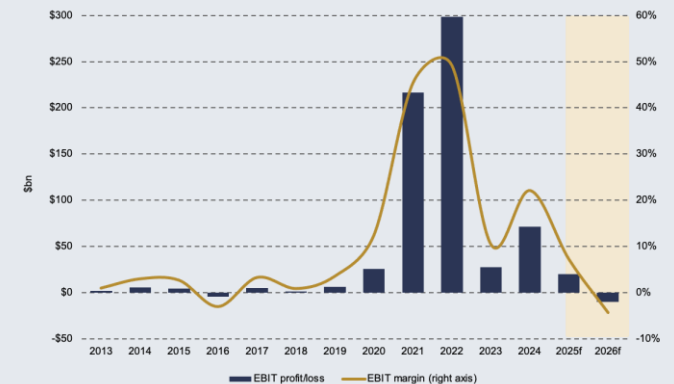
Hybrid GTOs out-paced market in recent years, 2019-2023

Carrier profitability rocketed during the covid trade dislocation



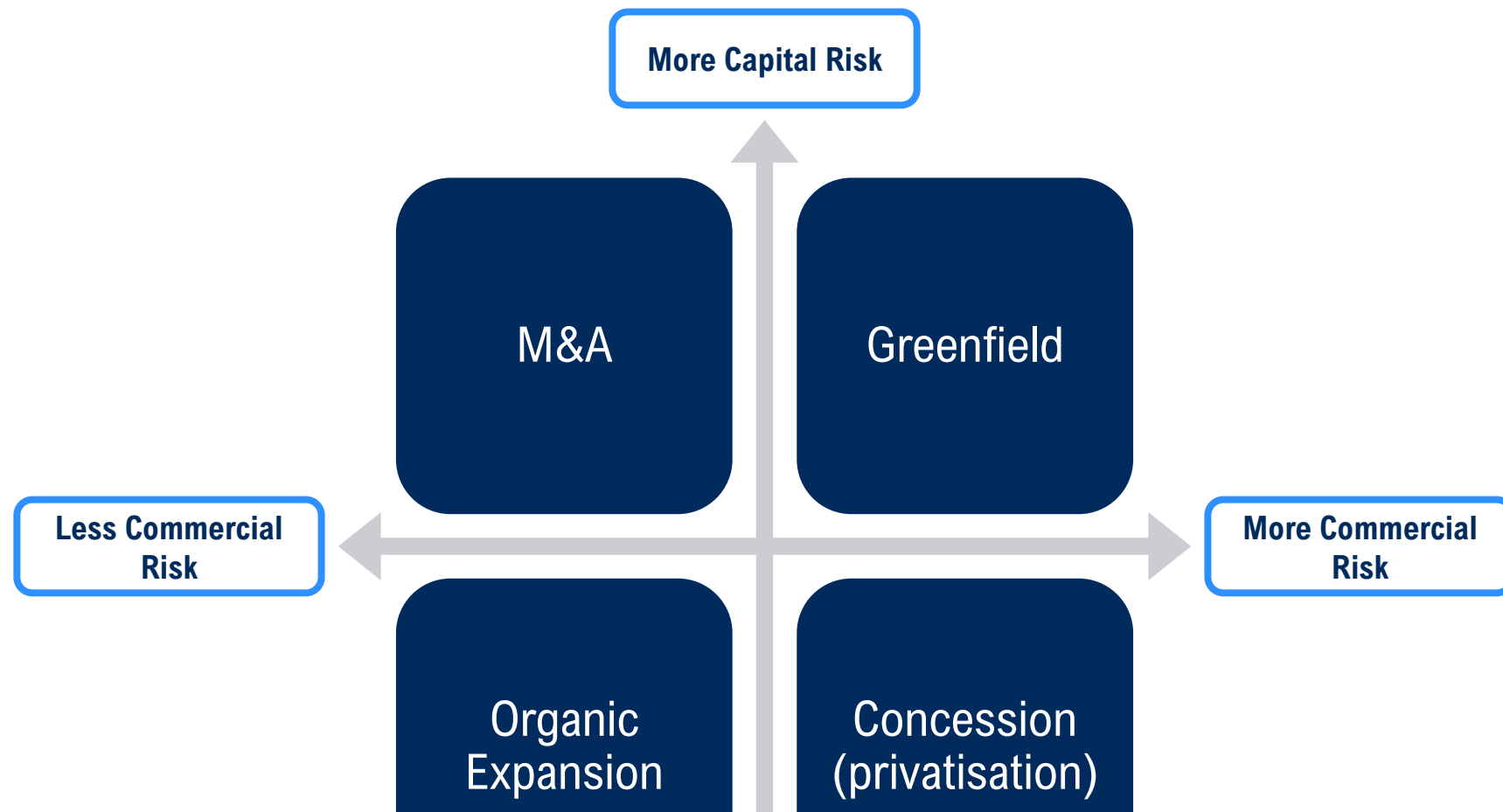
Note: * Total throughput calculated on basis of directly-held portfolio terminals in which GTO holds greater than 10% stake; ** China Cosco Shipping includes Cosco Shipping Ports, OOCL and terminals in which China Cosco Shipping holds a direct stake; *** AGL, previously Bollere Africa Logistics, acquired in December 2022

- M&A enables GTOs to overcome barriers to entry especially in more established markets
- Growth for MSC and CMA led by acquisitions to support core liner business
- Huge profits made by carriers during Covid years has led to a surge in portfolio growth



- In high growth and/or under-developed markets, the risks inherent in greenfield projects are reduced
- Concessions carry greatly reduced capital risk, but competition is fierce
- Organic expansion offers GTOs the least capital and commercial risk, but requires existing asset base
- M&A is often the only avenue to access specific markets

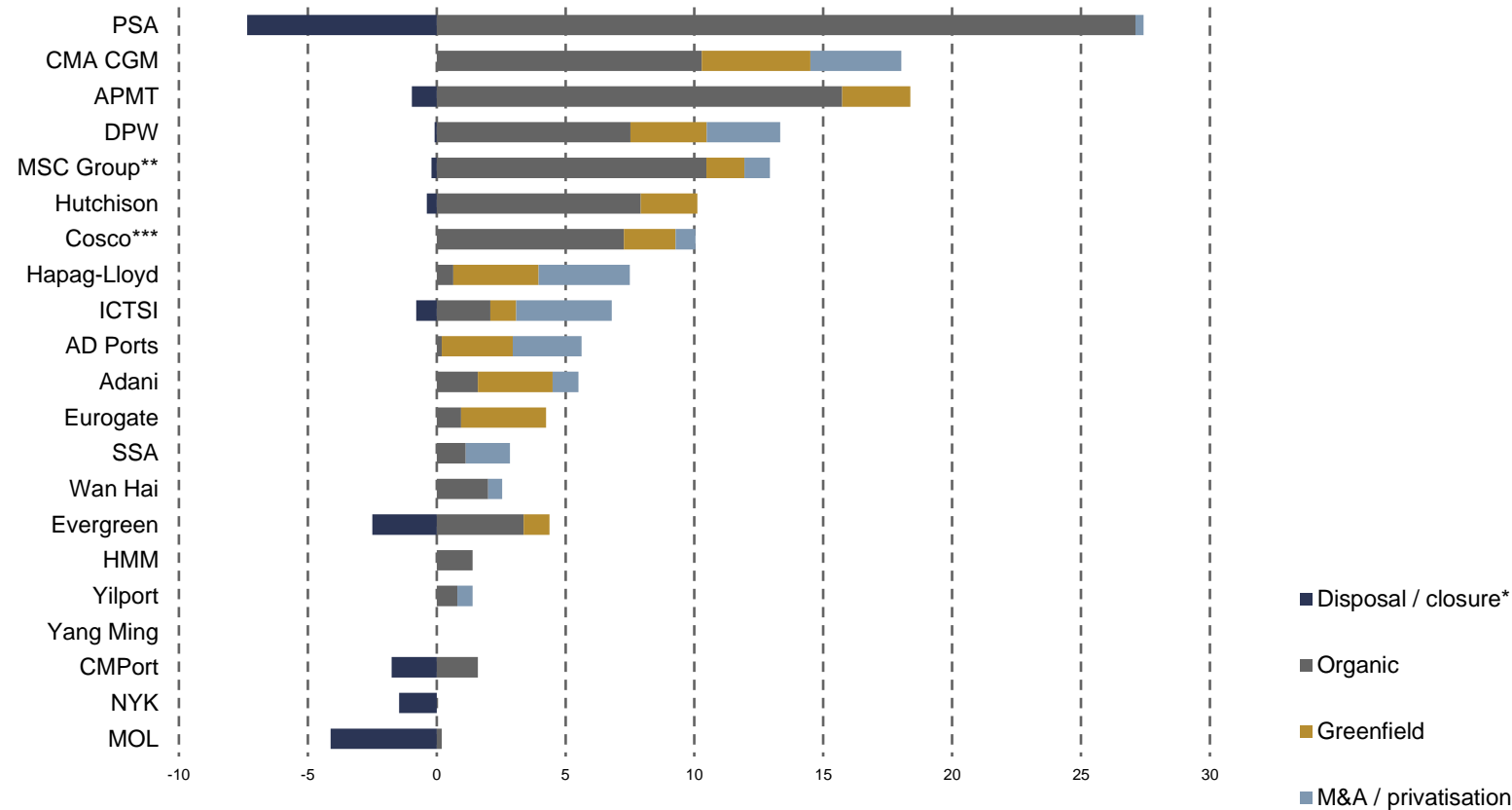
Options for portfolio growth carry differing risk profiles



Business cases for greenfield projects more challenging in low growth markets – majority of leading operators are focused on organic expansion

Global terminal operator capacity forecasts, 2023-2028

GTOs focus on organic capacity growth



- Organic growth at existing terminals remains favoured route to increase capacity
- Greenfield investments gaining pace compared to 2010s
- M&A enables GTOs to overcome barriers to entry especially in more established markets

GTOs focused on upgrading and expanding existing terminals

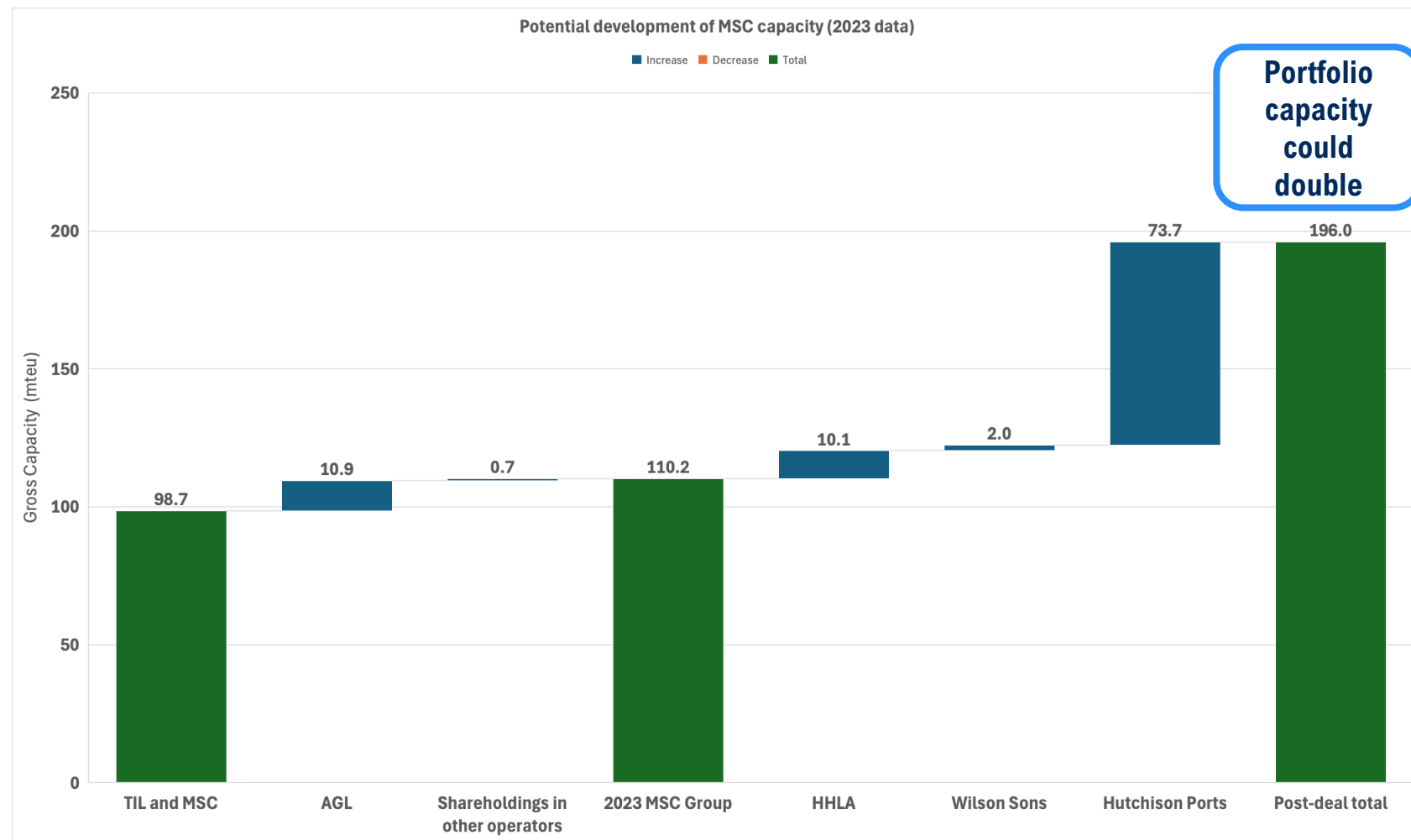
Some double counting occurs where joint ownership/management structures exist.

- MSC's acquisitions have given it a short-cut to gain capacity in some of the most important markets in the world

- AGL - West Africa
- HHLA - Germany and Central Europe
- Wilson Sons - Brazil
- Hutchison - Mexico, Panama, Egypt, Pakistan, Oman, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, South Korea, UK, Netherlands (and more)

MSC's 4 major acquisitions over last 4 years

These portfolios have been built over decades and could not be replicated today



Outlook for MSC portfolio reach after Hutchison Ports deal

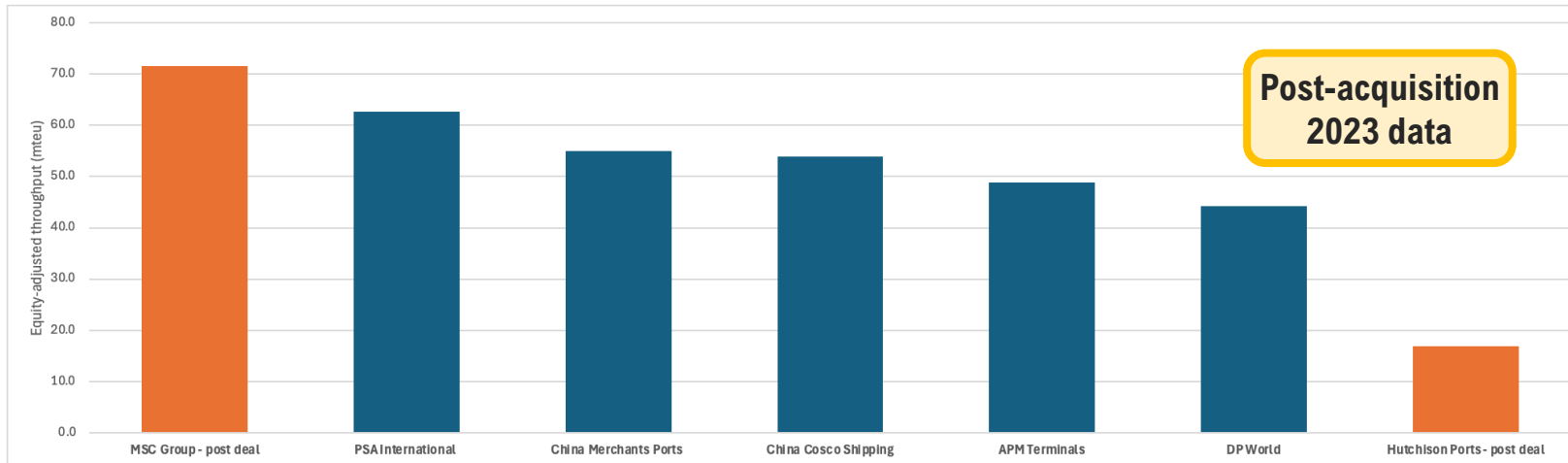
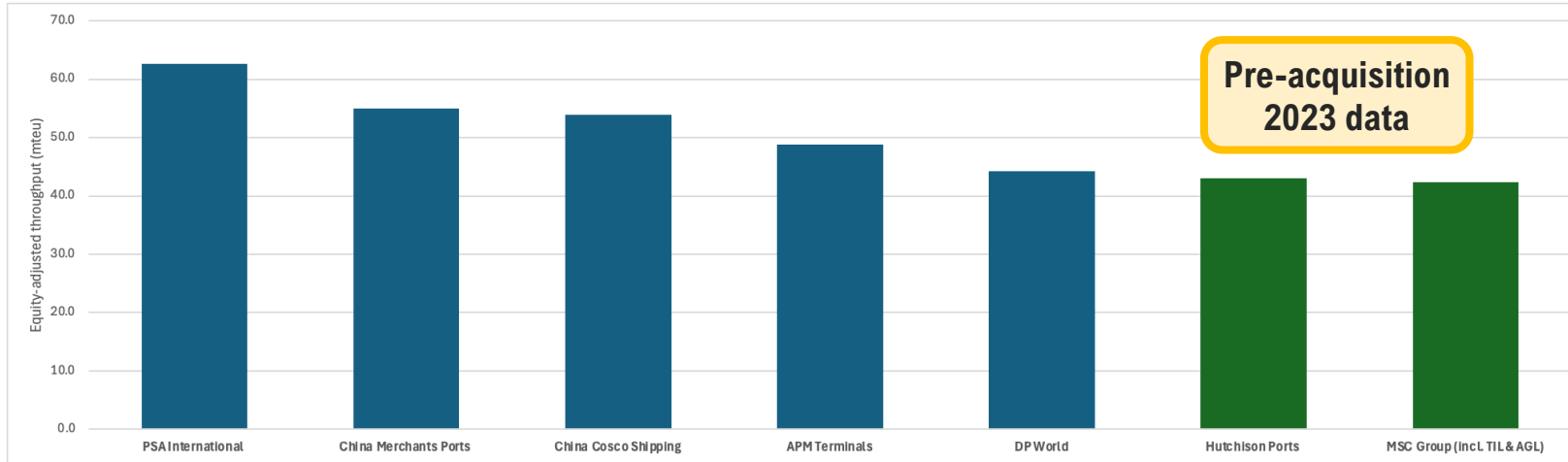
Addition of Hutchison Ports seen as highly complementary to existing MSC terminal portfolio



- Secures entry to otherwise inaccessible markets
- Strengthens position in several major ports

Global terminal operator capacity forecasts, 2023-2028

Hutchison acquisition would see MSC move to the top of the global rankings



- This deal means 3 of the Top 5 GTOs would be hybrid operators
- These three hybrid operators are also 3 of the Top 4 liner companies
- Are independent terminal operators still able to compete on an even playing field?

Q&A welcome

Find out more at:

www.drewry.co.uk/ports

or contact us via email:

enquiries@drewry.co.uk

Principal source of material for this webinar

Drewry Ports and Terminals Insight

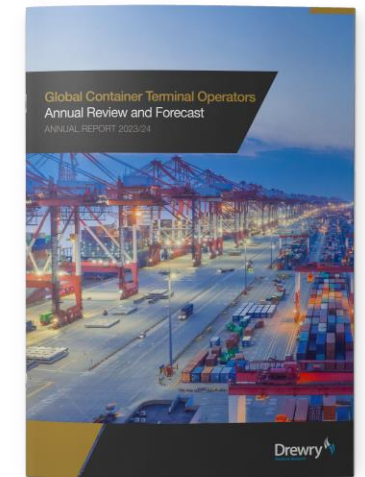
- Quarterly report offering:
 - Spotlight analysis: thought leadership
 - Port connectivity index
 - Global Ports Monitor
 - Regional Ports Monitor
 - Deals and developments
 - Port sector financial analysis
- Monthly supplement providing enhanced global and regional data
 - Port Throughput Indices, Port Call Indices
 - Port Performance Indices, Port Congestion Trackers



Combined package available on annual subscription terms

Global Container Terminal Operators Annual Review/Forecast

- Terminal industry structure and performance
- League tables and performance of terminal operators
- Operator strategies, portfolios and risk profiles
- Forecast capacity by terminal operator & region to 2028
- Individual analysis of more than 40 terminal operators and investors





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